

DTCP Volume 1 Supplement B Mapping DTCP to MOST M6 (Informational Version)

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Preface

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V1SB 1 Introduction

This supplement maps DTCP onto the Media Oriented Systems Transport (MOST). All aspects of IEEE 1394 DTCP functionally are preserved except those described in Appendix D of Volume 1 which does not apply to this mapping and this supplement only details MOST DTCP specific changes or additions.

V1SB 1.1 Related Documents

This specification shall be used in conjunction with the following publications. When the publications are superseded by an approved revision, the revision shall apply.

- Digital Transmission Content Protection Specification Volume 1 and Volume 2
- MOST Content Security Specification
- MOST Content Protection Scheme DTCP Implementation
- MOST Specification (Media Oriented Systems Transport Specification) Rev2.0

V1SB 1.2 Terms and Abbreviations

MOST	Media Oriented Systems Transport
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V1SB 2 Modifications to Chapter 6 (Content Channel Management and Protection)

V1SB 2.1 Exchange Key Expiration

Source devices expire their Exchange Keys when they stop output of protected content¹.

V1SB 2.2 N_C Update Process

MOST provides Synchronous and Asynchronous data transfer services. For Synchronous data transfer, there is no change to the description in Section 6.3.2 of update procedure and timing for N_c .

For Asynchronous data transfer, the N_C shall be updated after transmitting no greater than 4 Mbytes.

V1SB 2.3 Protected Content Header

Protected content transferred over MOST has a four byte header. This header is used to carry the bits described in Sections 6.3.3 "Odd/Even Bit" and 6.4.2 "Encryption Mode Indicator (EMI)".

The Reserved bits are reserved for future definition and are currently defined to have a value of zero.

The Sync Bytes (Sync-High and Sync-Low) are defined in "MOST Content Protection Scheme – DTCP Implementation".

	msb							Isb		
Header [0]		Sync-High								
Header [1]				Sync-l	Low					
Header [2]	reserved	reserved EMI Odd/ reserved (zero)								
	(zero)			Even						
Header [3]	reserved (zero)									
PC[0]										
-										
-	Protected Content									
-										
PC[N]										

Figure 1 MOST Protected Content Packet

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¹ Sources are considered to have stopped output when there are no Synchronous connections or Asynchronous data transfers for audiovisual or audio content.

V1SB 2.4 Embedded CCI

The Embedded CCI (Section 6.4.1 or Section 6.4.5.1) is carried as part of the content stream. The Embedded CCI transmission format for MOST bus is defined in "MOST Content Protection Scheme – DTCP Implementation".

V1SB 2.4.1 DTCP_Descriptor for MPEG-PS

The DTCP_Descriptor delivers Embedded CCI over the DTCP system when an MPEG-Program Stream (MPEG-PS) is transmitted. The DTCP_Descriptor described in Appendix B is used for DTCP_Descriptor for MPEG-PS.

V1SB 2.5 Content Encryption Formats

Protected content sent over MOST is encapsulated in the Protected Content Packet (See Figure 1).

For M6, the encryption frame size of all forms of content shall be in the inclusive range 8 to 4096 bytes and be a multiple of 4 bytes in length.

The encryption frame size is defined in "MOST Content Protection Scheme – DTCP Implementation"

V1SB 3 Modifications to Chapter 8 (AV/C Digital Interface Command Set Extensions)

V1SB 3.1 Control Packet Format

This section maps the AKE control command specified in Section 8.3.1 to the MOST DTCP Control Packet Format. The AKE control command sub fields used with MOST have the same values and functions as detailed in Chapter 8.

•	msb							Isb		
Byte [0]		reserve	d (zero)		ctype/response					
Byte [1]	category = 0000 ₂ (AKE)				AKE_ID					
Byte [2]										
Byte [3]		AKE_ID dependent field								
Byte [4]										
Byte [5]										
Byte [6]	number (option) status									
Byte [7]	blocks_remaining reserve					reserved				
	(zero)						(zero)			
Byte [8]										
-	data									
-										
Byte [7+m]										

Figure 2 MOST DTCP Control Packet Format

ctype/response has the same values as referenced in chapter 8 of DTCP specification and specified by the AV/C Digital Interface Command Set.

The Reserved bits are reserved for future definition and are currently defined to have a value of zero.

Byte[1]..Byte[5] are identical to Operand[0]..Operand[4] as specified in section 8.3.1.

Byte[6] is identical to Operand[6] as specified in section 8.3.1.

MOST DTCP fragmentation rule is defined as follows: The data fields of MOST DTCP Control Packets are limited to a maximum length of 128 bytes. When a given AKE Info is larger than 128bytes, the **blocks_remaining** field is used to fragment it. When this fragmentation is required, the AKE Info is divided into N blocks that are sent sequentially via the **data** fields. The size of the **data** field in the first N-1 fragments shall be 128bytes.

The **blocks_remaining** field is identical to the data field specified in section 8.3.1 except for the fragmentation rule.

The **data** field is identical to the data field specified in section 8.3.1 except for the fragmentation rule.

The unique tag supported by exchanging values via the **AKE_label** field and described in section 8.3.1 is not used because the unique tag supported by exchanging value via a pair of FBlockID and InstID on MOST is equivalent to AKE_Label

The data length supported by exchanging values via the **data_length** field is not used because the data length of MOST DTCP Control Packet is exchanged via a Length field defined in "MOST specification".

V1SB 3.2 Status Packet Format

This section maps the AKE status command specified in Section 8.3.2 to the MOST DTCP Status Packet Format. The AKE status command sub fields used with MOST have the same values and functions as detailed in Chapter 8.

	msb							Isb	
Byte [0]		reserve	d (zero)		ctype/response				
Byte [1]	cat	category = 0000 ₂ (AKE)				AKE_ID	$= 0000_2$		
Byte [2]									
Byte [3]		AKE_ID dependent field							
Byte [4]		·							
Byte [5]									
Byte [6]		F ₁₆			status				

Figure 3 MOST DTCP Status Packet Format

ctype/response has the same values as referenced in chapter 8 of DTCP specification and specified by the AV/C Digital Interface Command Set.

The Reserved bits are reserved for future definition and are currently defined to have a value of zero.

Byte[1]..Byte[5] are identical to Operand[0]..Operand[4] as specified in Section 8.3.2.

Byte[6] is identical to Operand[6] as specified in Section 8.3.2

The fixed value of Operand[5] as specified in Section 8.3.2 is not used.

The maximum data field query supported by exchanging values via the **data_length** field and described in the last paragraph of section 8.3.2 is not used because the device supporting MOST DTCP can accept the maximum size of MOST DTCP Control Packet.

V1SB 4 MOST DTCP Protocols

This section describes the exchange of DTCP AKE commands, responses, and status frames by MOST DTCP Function.

It is important to review the following references in order to understand MOST Security protocols.

MOST Content Security Specification

MOST Content Protection Scheme (CPS) - DTCP Implementation

Chapters 2 and Section 3.1, 3.4 and 3.7 of the MOST Specification Rev2.0

The MOST DTCP Implementation has similar device states as described in the DTCP Volume1 specification.

The HMI manages the synchronous connection via MOST. Authentication may take place after synchronous connection is established, or upon demand as needed.

The Function Block supporting CPS enables a MOST device to asynchronously send AKE command and response via MOST NetService. The Functions used by the Function Block supporting CPS are described in Chapter 3 of the "MOST Content Security Scheme – DTCP Implementation". The Function Blocks supporting CPS are used by Source and Sink devices.

The HMI and the Function Blocks supporting CPS exchange the SourceInfo and SinkInfo. If HMI received SourceInfo that denotes DTCP, the HMI activate DTCP scheme. The HMI sends Sink.DTCP_StartProcess.StartResult() or Sink.ConnectTo.StartResult() to Sink device. Then the Sink device starts DTCP Authentication exchange, after receiving protected content via synchronous connection. After the authentication is completed, the Sink device notifies it to HMI by sending HMI.DTCP_StartProcess.Result() or HMI.ConnectTo.Result().

V1SB 5 Modifications to 4.2.3.2 Extended Format Fields (Optional Components of the Device Certificate)

The optional content channel cipher for AES-128 is not used.